

«if» - clauses #1

(conditional sentences – Konditionalsatz/Bedingungsgefüge)

if-Satz	Hauptsatz
1. Reales Bedingungsgefüge auf die Gegenwart oder Zukunft bezogen (Typ 1) ==> „Was ist/was passiert, wenn ...“	
Erfüllbare Bedingung	Tatsächliche Folge
<i>If you slow down, If you add some chilli,</i> <i>If the music is too loud, If you don't like this t-shirt,</i> ==> <u>simple present</u>	<i>you save petrol. the food becomes more tasty.</i> <i>turn off the radio. you can take another one.</i> ==> <u>simple present , Imperativ o. Hilfsverb</u> (can, must, could, should)
Erfüllbare Bedingung	Tatsächliche oder mögliche Folge
<i>If the weather is fine, If you want to swim,</i> <i>If we have a picnic, If you want to swim,</i> ==> <u>simple present</u>	<i>we will have a picnic by the river. you will have to bring your swimming trunks with you.</i> <i>we mustn't forget a blanket. you shouldn't forget your swimming trunks.</i> ==> <u>will-future o. Hilfsverb</u> (can, must, could, should)
2. Potentiales o. irrales Bedingungsgefüge auf die Gegenwart oder Zukunft bezogen (Typ 2) ==> „Was wäre, wenn ...“	
Erfüllbare Bedingung	Mögliche Folge
<i>If she came, If you gave me some money,</i> ==> <u>simple past</u>	<i>I would tell her something about my adventure. I could buy the new mobile.</i> ==> <u>would o. could, should + infinitive</u>
Nicht erfüllbare Bedingung	Nur gedachte Folge
<i>If I was/were still 20 years old, If I were you,</i> ==> <u>simple past</u>	<i>I would make a trip to Australia. I could also make a career as an opera singer.</i> ==> <u>would o. could, should + infinitive</u>