

Future Tense I

will-Future / going-to-Future

Bildung

will-Future	going-to-Future
Für alle Personen setzt sich das will-Future zusammen aus dem Hilfsverb will und dem Infinitiv (ohne to) des Verbs. Für die 1. Person Singular (I) und die 1. Person Plural (we) ist es möglich, auch das Hilfsverb shall zu verwenden.	Für alle Personen setzt sich das going-to-Future zusammen aus der Präsensform des Hilfsverbs to be, going und dem Infinitiv des Verbs mit to.
I will / (shall) / I'll sing this song. You will / You'll be in London tomorrow. He / She will / He'll / She'll have a nice dinner tonight. We will / (shall) / We'll take the 8 o'clock train. You will / You'll make your homework in the the afternoon. They will / They'll bring some crisps for the party. Fragen: Hier werden Subjekt und Hilfsverb umgestellt: Will you be in London tomorrow? Will she have a nice dinner tonight? Verneinung: Verneint wird durch die Verneinung des Hilfsverbs: will not / won't bzw. shall not / shan't. I will not / won't / shall not / shan't sing this song. They will not / won't bring anything for the party. Fragt man mit shall, bedeutet es sehr oft „sollen“. Shall I sing this song? (Soll ich...) Shall we take the 8 o'clock train? (Sollen wir...) ⚠	I am / I'm going to give him the money. You are / You're going to help me. That's fine. It is / It's going to rain tonight. We are / We're going to move to London. You are / You're going to give me some money. That's nice. They are / They're going to buy a new car. Fragen: Hier werden Subjekt und die Form von to be umgestellt: Are you going to help me? Are they going to buy a new car? Verneinung: Verneint wird durch die Verneinung der Form von to be: We are / We're not going to help you. They are / They're not going to buy a new car.