

# Hilfsverben I

## auxiliaries I

| Bejahte Formen           |          | Verneinte Formen                                 |          |
|--------------------------|----------|--|----------|
| Langform                 | Kurzform | Langform   | Kurzform |
| can ( <i>können</i> )    | ---      | cannot ( <i>nicht können</i> )                   | can't    |
| may ( <i>dürfen</i> )    | ---      | may not ( <i>nicht dürfen</i> )                  | ---      |
| must ( <i>müssen</i> )   | ---      | must not ( <i>nicht dürfen</i> )                 | mustn't  |
| need ( <i>brauchen</i> ) | ---      | need not ( <i>nicht brauchen, nicht müssen</i> ) | needn't  |

## Die Hilfsverben im Satz

Auf *can, may, must, need* muss ein Infinitiv folgen, der ohne *to* angeschlossen wird.

*I can help you.  
You may go to the cinema tonight.  
You mustn't play in the kitchen.  
You needn't wash that pullover.*

Bei *can, may, must, need* werden Frage und Verneinung ohne *to do* gebildet.

*I can't help you.  
You may not go to the cinema tonight.  
Must I eat the fish?  
Need I wash that pullover?*

Die Formen von *to do* fallen auch in *short answers* und *questions tags* weg.

*Can I help you? - Yes, you can.  
May I go to the cinema tonight? - Yes, you may.  
Must I go to bed? - Yes, you must.  
Need I wash that pullover? - No, you needn't.*

*Jimmy can ride his bike now, can't he?  
Carl is ill. He must go to the doctor's, mustn't he?*